Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

VOL. XI. WAYNESBURG, PENNA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1868. NO. 44.

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, or less, and 60 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less of this type counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

MRS. JUDGE JENKINS.

THE ONLY GENUINE SEQUEL TO "MAUD MULLER."

Maud Muller all that summer day
Raked the meadow sweet with hay;

Yet looking down the distant lane,
She hoped the Judge would come again;

But when he came with smiles and bow,
Maud only blushed and stammered "Ha-ow?"

And spoke of her "pa," and wondered whether
He'd give consent they should wed together.

Old Muller burst in tears, and then
Begged that the Judge would lend him "ten;"

For trade was dull and wages low,
And the "crops" this year somewhat slow.

And ere the languid summer died,
Sweet Maud became the Judge's bride.

But on the day that they were mated
Maud's brother Bob, was intoxicated.

And Maud's relations, twelve in all,
Were very drunk at the Judge's hall.

And when the summer come again
The young bride bore him babies twain.

And the Judge was blest—but thought it strange
That bearing children made such a change;

For Maud grew broad, and red, and stout,
And the waist that his arm once clasped about,

Was more than he now could span; and he
Sighed as he pondered ruefully.

How that which in Maud was native grace,
In Mrs. Jenkins was out of place.

And thought of the twins, and wished that they
Looked less like the man who raked the hay.

On Muller,s farm, and dreamed with pain
Of the day he wandered down the lane;

And looking down that dreamy track
He half regretted that he came back;

For, had he waited, he might have wed
Some maiden fair and thoroughbred.

For there be women fair as she
Whose verbs and nouns do more agree.

Alas for maiden! alas for Judge!
For the sentimental—that's one half "fudge."

For Maud soon thought the Judge a bore,
With all his learning and all his lore;

And the Judge would have bartered Maud's fair face
For more refinement and social grace,

If, of all words of tongue and pen,
The saddest are, "it might have been,"

More sad are those we daily see,
"It is, but hadn't ought to be."

—*N. Y Sun.*

Select Reading.

THE FATAL CARD.

Some years ago the Mississippi river was famous for its floating palaces, as the large steamers plying between New Orleans and the ports above were called. Now the railroads have driven nearly all the fine boats off the river, and left the field to the freight boats, whose accommodations for passengers are by no means palatial. The former class of steamers were in many respects delightful, but they never ceased to be the objects of dread to timid people, for if the the racing which on that stream was reduced to a system, did not result in the loss of the boat, there were sure to be fine or more encounters between the more lawless portion of the passengers, in which the pistol bullets would fly rather too thick for the comfort of the steady going people. The cause for such disturbance was generally a quarrel over a gaming table. The regulations of the boat usually required that all such amusements should be conducted in a saloon provided for that purpose in the "Texas officer's cabin," situated on the huricane deck, but the sporting gentlemen were by no means careful to observe this rule, and the gaming was most commonly carried on at the dining table, in the main saloon on the steamer, to the great annoyance of two-thirds of those on board.

Many professional gamblers used to make these boats their home, traveling back and forth with them fleecing all who were foolish enough to fall into their hands. So well, indeed, was the system managed, that the various members seemed to have their different steamers marked out for them by common consent, so that no one would trespass on the domain of the other. Of course these men were warm friends of the officers of the boat, who were hitherto sincere in their friendship to put a stop to the practice, or too much afraid of the gamblers to care to provoke a quarrel with them, for in those days it was a common affair for such men to resent any fancied insult with a pistol shot.

One of the most remarkable men of this class, was named Daniel Sturdivant, a Frenchman, the son of a broken down scion of nobility who had settled in New Orleans before the transfer of Louisiana to the United States. Sturdivant had been raised a "gentleman" by his aristocratic father, but on coming of age, and finding his fortunes very bad, had taken to cards as a means to better them. His success was so great in this field that he was induced to continue it until at the time of which I write he was one of the most notorious gamblers between St. Louis and New Orleans. He was a man of fine personal appearance, and of great physical strength. He was also noted for his personal courage. As a gambler he was most expert and successful. There were dark stories of deeds which he had committed while under the influence of play and liquor, and it was said by some that he had killed half a dozen men in his life time. Yet no one dared to speak of these stories openly for no one cared to bring upon himself the anger of such a man. There were few that knew him that really cared to play against him, but they learned that a refusal to do so might involve them in a quarrel with him, and rarely declined his invitation.

About fifteen years ago, the time of which I write, he had attached himself to one of the magnificent steamers plying between New Orleans and Vicksburg, and had publicly announced his determination to shoot any man who encroached upon his scene of operations. Of course this left him in undisputed posession of the field; and he reaped a golden harvest during the one brief year he conducted his operations there.

It was my lot at that time to be compelled to make frequent trips between New Orleans and Vicksburg being heavily engaged in cotton speculations. I preferred the steamer of which Sturdivant had taken posession, inasmuch as it was not only the most comfortable, but also the swiftest, and time was the utmost importance to me. It was known that I carried large sums of money, and I was always apprehensive lest Sturdivant should ask me to play. I had made up my mind to refuse him, and if he attempted to draw me into a quarrel to shoot him without mercy, as I knew the only chance of my life lay in getting the advantage of him. Strange to say he did not make any such proposition to me, and I gave him no chance to do so.

One night we had started out from Vicksburg, and were heading merrily down the river, when Sturdivant came to the group which had gathered around the stove. He had been drinking, and was smoking a fine cigar as he approached. All made way for him.

"Well, gentleman," said he in an unsteady tone you seem to be terribly dull. Who want's to play for twenty dollars ante?"

There was no reply. All present seemed to know the man, and no one cared to volunteer to place himself in his clutches.

"Umph!" he exclaimed with an expression of contempt, "afraid to try your luck with Daniel Sturdivant, eh? Or may be you want a coaxing. Some of you must play with me, I can't stand such treatment. Come let's see who it will be."

He glanced around the crowd as if to select his victim. For the first time I noticed the gaze of one of the group fixed steadily upon him. He was a stranger to me, and was dressed in a homespun, and his face was partially concealed by a broad brimed sombrero which was drawn down over it. He was a small but powerful made man, and in the decided expression of his head I read an unusual firmness and intensity of purpose.

"Are you Daniel Sturdivant, the gambler?" he asked in a calm tone without rising.

Sturdivant flushed darkly, and gave the stranger a dark glance.

"Some person call me so behind my back, sir," he said recently, "but no one would care to apply that term to me before my face."

"Nevertheless," replied the stranger "I want an answer—yes or no."

"Well, then, I am," said the gambler, angrily "what of it?"

"Simply this," said the stranger, "I have heard it said that you claim to be the best card player in the Southwest. I have come two hundred miles to prove you a liar." Sturdivant strode forward a step or two, and thrust his hand into his breast, as if to grasp a weapon.

"Stop," said the stranger. If you shoot me you will simply prove yourself afraid of me. Take your seat at the table and I will make my words good."

There was something in the calm, stern manner of the stranger that seemed to render the gambler powerless. He hesitated a moment, and then said, bullying:

"I never play with a man whose face I cannot see."

"Never mind my face," said the stranger. "If you are not afraid of losing you shall see it when I am done with you."

"But how do I know that you have money for such sport?" persisted Sturdivant. "You look seedy enough my fine fellow."

"There," said the stranger, "I have ten thousand dollars there. If you can win it you shall do so."

With an oath Sturdivant placed himself at the table and bade his challenger to do like wise. Those of us who had listened to this singular dialogue now gathered around the table expecting to see a scene of more than usual interest. The stranger had not raised his hat brim, and we had not seen his face; but we all felt from his general air and manner that Daniel Sturdivant had at last met his match. It did not take long to show us that the stranger was an unusually good player. For an hour or more the playing went on in silence. The stakes were high and the contest marked with rare skill. Sturdivant exerted himself as he had never done before, but in spite of all his efforts he lost steadily. By the expiration of the time indicated above he had lost over two thousand dollars. I noticed the flush upon his face deepened and a strange light come into his eyes. At last, with an exclamation of triumph he drew toward him the heap of notes.

"That was well done," said the stranger, "you are an expert in cheating. But go on I can beat you whether you play open or dishonestly."

Sturdivant said nothing, but dealt the cards again. The hand played and Sturdivant was about to sieze the stakes again, when the stranger laid down a card and checked him.

The gambler uttered a sharp cry and sat motionless with his eyes fixed on the card; a worn and faded "ace of hearts," with a dark stain across the face. Sturdivant's face worked convulsively as he gazed at it, and the spectators gathered more closely around the two, wondering at the strange scene.

"Look at me," said the stranger quietly.

As if powerless to resist, Sturdivant raised his eyes to the speaker.

The stranger had raised his hat and sat looking at the trembling man with eyes which fairly blazed with fury. Sturdivant uttered a groan and sank back in his chair with his face white and rigid. The stranger with one sweep gathered the money from the table and thrust it in his bossom.

"The ace of hearts is an unlucky card for you, Daniel Sturdivant," he said cooly.

"You played it once when you thought it to your advantage. Now God help you for that play is now returned."

As he spoke he raised a pistol which we had not seen, and before we could stop him, aimed it deliberately at the trembling man and fired. The gambler fell heavily upon the table a corpse; and the bright blood streamed over it, hiding the fatal card from sight.

"Gentleman," said the stranger, rising to his feet as we stood paralyzed with horror, at the dreadful scene; "that man ruined my wife and tried to murder me. I have been hunting him ten years."

He walked slowly by us down the stairway to the lower deck. Just then as the steamer touched at a landing he sprang ashore and vanished in the dark woods.

I never learned the history of the mysterious affair, for the dead gambler was beyond human questioning; and I never saw the stranger again; but I shall not soon forget the impression made upon me at the time.

MY WIFE'S PIANO.

The deed is accomplished. My wife got a piano, and now farewell the tranquil mind. It came on a dray. Six men carried it into the parlor, and grunted awfully. It weighs a ton, shines like a mirror, and has carved Cupids climbing up its limbs. And such limbs—whew! My wife has commenced to practice, and the first time she touched the machine I thought we were in the midst of a thunder storm and the lightning had struck the crockery chest. Cat, with tail erect, took a bee line for a particular friend upon the back fence, demolishing a six shilling pane of glass. The baby awoke, and the little fellow tried his best to beat the instrument, but he couldn't do it. It beat him.

A teacher has been introduced into the house. He says he is the last of Napoleon's grand army. He wears a huge moustache, looks at me fiercely, smells of garlic, and goes by the name of Count Runaway-never-come-back-again. He played an extract de opera the other night. He ran his fingers through his hair twice, then grinned, then cocked up his eyes at the ceiling, like a monkey hunting flees, and then came down one of his fingers, and I heard a delightful sound similar to that produced by a cock-roach dancing upon a tenor string of a fiddle.

Down came another finger, and I was reminded of the wind whistling through a knot-hole in a hen coop. He touched his thumb, and I thought that I was in an orchard listening to the distant braying of a jackass. Now he run his fingers along the keys, and I thought of a boy rattling a stick upon a store box or a picket fence. All of a sudden he stopped, and I thought something had happened. Then came down both fists, and, O, Lord! such a noise was never heard before. I thought a hurricane had struck the house and the walls were caving in. I imagined I was in the cellar, and a ton of coal was falling about my head. I thought the machine had bursted; when the infernal noise stopped, and I heard my wife ejaculate: "Exquisite!" "What the deuce is the matter?" I inquired. "Why, my dear, that is La Somnambula." "D—Somnambula!" thought I, and the Count rolled up his sheet of paper. He calls it music; but for the life of me I cannot make it look like anything else than a rail fence with a lot of juvenile niggers climbing over.

ORIGIN OF CANARD.

A Frenchman once sent to a newspaper a statement of an experiment which he had lately made, proving the wonderful voracity of ducks. He had a flock, he said, of twenty of these fowls. One day he killed one of them, and cutting it into very small pieces, fed it, feathers and all, to the other nineteen, who ate it all up in a few minutes. He then killed another, and cutting it into small pieces, fed it to the other eighteen, and it was quickly devoured. He killed another, and still another, which he fed to the sixteen; and so continued until there was but one duck left, which duck had, of course, eaten the other nineteen. Canard being the French word for duck, any exaggerated story was subsequently called a "canard," or a "duck story," as in this country we speak of a "fish story," or a "snake story."

From the N. Y. Ledger.

WHAT CAN A MAN AFFORD?

BY HENRY WARD BEECHER.

In a recent number of the *Ledger*, we urged the duty of buying and reading books. We said that whenever we should be elected Pope, we should require every married young man to set apart one-tenth of his income for the purchase of books, &c. This remark, of which the form was half jesting, but the substance of which was good earnest—has called forth several epistles. That is a good sign. When as a boy, we went out a nutting, we always listened after throwing a club, to hear if the chestnuts rattled. An article on a practical subject, in the people's paper, is like a club thrown into a tree.

We insert a part of a letter, premising, that we do not judge the case presented therein. The man, for ought we know, may be pursuing the wisest course. But it may serve as a text for further remarks:

"I am myself in favor of all you say in that article, *if a man can afford it*; indeed, I have been after buying the new American Encyclopædia for at least three or four years, but have not bought it up to the present time; had the money several times, but always needed it for something else. I have some books now, which I find great delight in reading, and should add if possible; but I always need the money for something else, having a family of four children. However, I do want you to tell me to stay away from grog-shops and avoid tobacco, and invest such money in books. I have not spent a dollar in a bar-room this year.

"In conclusion, I will say, I hope you will be able to read and understand these few lines, and give an answer through the *Ledger*."

In bringing up a family, there are thousands of persons who are so poor, at least in the earlier part of their career, that, with the utmost industry and frugality, they can barely supply the material wants of the household. Clothes, food and fuel, without these a man dies. They are the primary wants. Sometimes, from peculiar and local reasons, men do not get beyond this conflict for mere existence. But, in America, at least, with ordinary industry and frugality, accompanied with the morals of temperance, this fight for subsistence lasts but a few years at most, and by perhaps the majority of men is hardly entered upon.

The moment a man earns more than enough to secure physical existence, new questions arise. How much of earnings shall be saved for capital? Upon what principle shall that which is expended upon the family be distributed to various wants?

Shall clothes grow finer, and shall there be more of them? Shall our children be brought up to the average style of dress prevailing in the village? Shall our table be a little more generously supplied? Shall coarser food give way to more luxurious diet? Shall the linen table-cloth become finer?—the cutlery and dishes grow more expensive? Shall the beds and chairs and bureaus improve?—the carpets, the mirrors, the chairs, curtains, and the whole wardrobe?

All these *may* be steps of real progress. But, whether they are or not, depends upon other considerations. All this, so far, is only a larger provision for physical wants. If social, intellectual, and moral needs have been provided for with equal liberality, then the progress is real, sound, and salutary.

But what if a man cannot afford, in addition to these things, to take good newspapers—cannot afford to put his children to thoroughly good schools, because the charges are too high? Cannot afford to have a good seat in church—cannot afford to go to concerts, to lectures, and other means of improvement?

All these interrogatories may be summed up in one question: *Can a man afford to pamper his body and starve his mind?*

Every man has four children in every child—a physical child, a social child, an intellectual child, and a moral child. These four natures unite in forming each individual.

The education of a child is to be carried up in these four lines. Now, no man can afford to starve three parts of his child, for the sake of overfeeding one part.

Here is the common mistake. Parents do well by their children's bodies, but their intellectual, social, and moral natures are subject to rigid economy. Is it not so? Let the facts be looked at.

When men begin to prosper, do they spend in proportion half as much for the inward manhood of their families as for the outward? Do they not pay lavishly for a better house, better furnishings, better food and clothes, but stingily for books, schools, newspapers, church privileges, and for refining and humanizing amusements?

The other fact: When times are hard and men are embarrassed, and begin to curtail expenses, where does the knife fall first? Children are withdrawn from school! The newspapers are given up! No new books this year!

But, appearances must be kept up, and so a new coat of paint on the house, good clothes, hats, bonnets and boots, proclaim that the physical must be cared for, whatever becomes of the moral and the intellectual elements of manhood.

Of course, every man must determine for himself the manner and relative distribution of his income. But a few things may be set down for young men to ponder.

There are a great many things that a young man cannot afford.

He cannot afford to be a good animal and a poor man; to have strong bones and a weak conscience; to feed his children's mouths and starve their souls; to grumble at school bills while settling large grog bills; to chew tobacco, but refuse a good newspaper; to put a fine hat on a foolish head; to board money, but lay up no ideas; to own a horse that knows more than its rider.

No man living can afford to be dissipated, or self-indulgent, or ignorant. Nobody can afford to be a fool. It will not pay.

INITIATING A CANDIDATE INTO THE GOOD TEMPLARS.

The method of initiating a candidate into a Lodge of Good Templars is but a slight improvement upon the same programme so long in vogue among the ancient and honorable fraternity of the "Sons of Malta." A "chap" who was taken from a lager beer saloon, where he got "tight" without knowing that lager beer would intoxicate, was put through a course of cold water treatment by the Good Templars a few evenings since. He "peaches" on the Templars, and gives the following expose of their initiation ceremony, for which, no doubt, he will be put through another course of cold water "sprouts" at the next meeting of the Lodge. In the first place, the victim for initiation is blindfolded, bound hand and foot, and thrown into a cider press and pressed for five minutes. This is done for the purpose of clearing his system of "old drunks." He is then taken out of the cider press, and by means of a force pump gorged with cistern water, after which a scaling plaster is put over his mouth and he is rolled in a barrel four or five times across the room, the choir at the same time singing the cold water song.

He is now taken out of the barrel and hung up by the heels till the water runs out of his ears. He is then cut down, and a beautiful young lady hands him a glass of cistern water. A cold water bath is then furnished him, and after this he is showered with cistern water. He is then made to read the Water Works Act ten times, drinking a glass of cistern water between each reading. After which the old oaken bucket is hung round his neck, and fifteen sisters with squirt guns deluge him with cold water. He is then forced to eat a peck of snow, while the brothers stick his ears full of icicles. He is then run through a clothes wringer, after which he is handed a glass of cistern water by a young lady. He is again gorged with cistern water his boots filled with the same, and he is laid away in a refrigerator. The initiation is now almost concluded. After remaining in the refrigerator for the space of half an hour, he is taken out and given a glass of cistern water, run through a clothes-wringer, and becomes a Good Templar.—*Syracuse Courier and Union.*

Drunkenness in Congress.

George Alfred Townsend writes on the subject as follows: A day in the Senate or the House, imperfectly ventilated as they are, is poison. Every day somebody faints in the vitiated air of the Impeachment Court Room, some spectators to whom a part of a day's imprisonment there is overpowering. Now, the Senators must stay there eight months out of the year. With headache, with fevers, out of temper, bullyragged by lobbyists before and after the session, many of them seek relief in social company at night where the champagne bottle is the first principle of hospitality. A large number of these men were soldiers in the open air, the bivouac, the the march in the rain, the fever hospital. There by medical regulation whisky and quinine were given out every day. Nature over-marched or over-worn, cried out for a draught of artificial life. And some of these are barely convalescent now, when rewarded with some share of the public work. Thaddeus Stevens, for instance, is kept alive by stimulants. But, that any considerable number of Congressmen are what is called familiarity 'topers,' nobody believes who lives in Washington, unless he be a confirmed scandal-monger, incapable of belief in human integrity. There are four or five men here whom whisky has got posession of. It slew the bright spirit of McDougall. It is master of some others nearly as noble. These exceptions being true to its self-respect and the people's. The trite old word of 'liar' bandied to and fro, is obsolete here. The open fight in Congress is also a remote recollection. The 'Hole in the Wall' is gone, and but two drinking houses exist in the neighborhood of the Capitol grounds. I submit that the constituents of Congressmen may hold too precise opinions upon the private lives of their Representatives. No oath of absolute abstinence is demanded here as a qalification of either house. When the Senate and the House are kept as pure as the best domestic fireside, then is Millenium come!"

INAUGURATION OF THE LINCOLN MONUMENT.

WASHINGTON, April, 15.—The dedication of the Lincoln monument took place this afternoon, in front of the City Hall. The monument of a Tuscan pillar, thirty-five feet high surmounted by a collossal statue of Lincoln, all of white marble. It is the work of Lot Flannery, of this city and was procured by voluntary contributions of citizens of Washingtan, costing $7,000. Thousand of spectators were present, including Masonic, Sons of Temperance and other civil organizations. On the stand among others was the President, Major Generals Hancock and Emory, and other military and also naval officers connected with the Executive Departments of the Government members of Congress, and a large representation of foreign countries, viz: The Ministers from England, Prusia, Italy, Greece; the Charge d'Affaires from Denmark, and the consul-General of Switzerland, together with their attaches, and gentlemen connected with other legations. General Grant and Najor General Howard were near but not on the stand. During the proceedings there were alternate rain and sunshine. After prayer and the pinying of dirges by the bands, Mayor B. B. French delivered an address on the life and services of Abraham Lincoln at the conclusion of which the band played "Ran des Vaches," and Col. E. R. Olmstead recited a poem, when the President was conducted to the front of the platform, and there pulling at the halyards, unveiled the statue. Shout after shout was given by the dense assembly, the band meantime playing an air, while the "Star Spangled Banner" was waved on the platform. After the introduction of the artist, and pronouncing of the benediction the ceremonies concluded.

ELECTORS.

The following table, showing the number of Presidential Electors to which each State is entitled, will be useful for reference:

STATES REPRESENTED IN CONGRESS.	
California	5
Connecticut	6
Delaware	3
Illinois	16
Indiana	13
Iowa	8
Kansas	3
Kentucky	11
Maine	7
Maryland	7
Massachusetts	12
Michigan	8
Minnesota	4
Missouri	21
Nebraska	3
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	5
New Jersey	7
New York	38
Ohio	21
Oregon	3
Pennsylvania	26
Rhode Island	4
Tennessee	10
Vermont	5
West Virginia	5
Wisconsin	8
	247

STATES NOT REPRESENTED IN CONGRESS.	
Alabama	8
Arkansas	5
Florida	3
Georgia	9
Louisiana	7
Mississippi	7
North Carolina	9
South Carolina	6
Texas	6
Virginia	10
	70
Whole number	317
Majority	159

If Colorado should be admitted into the Union previous to the election, the aggregate number of electors will be increased to 320.

PENNA. RESERVE ASSOCIATION.

The second annual meeting of this association will be held at Pittsburg, on the 30th of May, on which occasion a full attendance of all the surviving members of the "Old Corps," who can make it convenient to attend, is earnestly desired. All who intend to participate will please notify Major John C. Harvey, Recording Secretary of the Association, office of Pittsburg and Connellsville railroad company, Pittsburg, Pa., before the 15th of May. The committee of arrangements, appointed at the last celebration, will select the place of meeting in Pittsburg. A handsome badge, to be worn by the members, will be presented for adoption. Let every man who can come be there, to spend a few hours in social intercourse with his old comrades in arms. It is expected a eulogy will be delivered on the late Major Gen. George A. M'Call.

THE somewhat famous "J. B. S." of the *World*, is predicting the acquittal of the President, chiefly because too many republican Senators prefer him to Wade. From no source, however, is the prediction fortified. The fact that "old heads" like Weed have already begun to parcel the offices, or attempt to do so, is proof enough that they think it is all up with the President, and they are not often mistaken.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The Testimony in the President's Defence Closed—A Week Required to Finish the Arguments on both Sides.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Should the President's counsel offer no evidence to-morrow, the Managers will put in some rebutting testimony, consuming a day in doing so. Governor Boutwell will begin the summing up on Tuesday. He has prepared his speech, which will require about five hours to deliver.

Stanbery and Evarts will make the arrangements for the defence. Manager Williams thinks it will take all next week to finish the arguments on both sides. After this the Senate may consume several days in deliberation upon the verdict.

Senators Doolittle and Buckalew were with the President last night, discussing the situation of affairs. None of the President's counsel have called on him since the adjournment of the Senate yesterday, and he cannot account for their abandoning the case so abruptly. He thinks they should have insisted upon offering all the evidence they had, as it is well known that the summoned numerous witnesses who were not called, among them some newspaper correspondents who held interviews with his Excelency, and who have been impatiently expecting to distinguish themselves in an encounter with Butler.

The President's friends, to-night, almost without exception, give up his case as hopeless, candidly say he will be voted a through ticket to Tennessee before the 1st of May. On the 20th the Managers of Impeachment on the part of the House closed their case and the counsel for the President did the same. The Court then adjourned till Wednesday when Mr. Boutwell will present his argument.

Proverbs by Joshua Billings.

Don't swap with your relations unless you kan afford to give them the big end of the trade.

Mary yung, and if circumstances require it, often.

Kultivate modesty, but mind and keep a good stock of impudence on hand.

Be charitable—one cent pieces were made on purpose. Don't take anybody's advice but your own. It costs more to borrow than it does to bi.

Ef a man flatters yu, yu can kalkerlate that he ez a rogue or yu're a fule.

Keep both, ize open, but don't see more than haf you notis.

If yu ich for faim, go intu a graiveyard and scratch yerself against a tume stoan.

Yung man, bee moar axious about the peddegree yu're going to leeve, than you air about the 1 sumbody's going to leeve, ye.

AMENDATORY BANKRUPT ACT.

The Amendatory Bankrupt Bill, passed by the House on the 21, is in three sections. The first section extends the time mentioned in the second clause, thirty-third section of the original act, to the first of next December. The second section makes numerous verbal changes, and corrections in the existing law as suggested by the justices of the Supreme Court. The third section provides for allowing registers in bankruptcy to administer oaths, and gives Commissioners the right to take proof of debts. The agreement of the Senate with the first section extending the time may be regarded as doubtful, and in general many leading Senators are disinclined to act upon the measure at all this session.

West Virginia.

The Republicans of West Virginia will hold a State Convention in Clarksburg on Thursday, the 28th day of May next, at ten o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a State ticket and choosing electors for President and Vice President of the United States; choose candidates for Congress and for the vacant State Senatorships, separating into appropriate Congressional and Senatorial District Conventions for that purpose.

IN the event of the suspension of Andrew Johnson from the office of President, we should have three Presidents in one year from this date—first, Andrew Johnson, second, Benjamin F. Wade, and third whoever is elected in November. This has happened but once before in our history, when we had three in one month—Van Buren, on the 4th of March; Wm. H. Harrison, successor for one month, and John Tyler, who succeeded Harrison.

THE editor of the Biddeford (Maine) *Democrat* intimates that the English executors who have Artemus Ward's property in charge seem disposed to keep it. The mother of the deceased humorist has not been able to get a single word in answer to her numerous letters, from those who obtained possession of the money and chattels of her son after his death.

DISPATCHES from the Abyssinian Expedition state that Gen. Napier had reached latitude 21, and that King Theodore with about five thousand men and twenty-six large guns was at Magdala, waiting to receive him. News of the conflict may therefore be expected at any time.

The Waynesburg Republican

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

Subject to the decision of himself and the People of the United States.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HON. ANDREW G CURTIN,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Subject to the decision of the Republican National Convention.

STATE.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

Of Montgomery County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

COL. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,

Of Cambria County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Aleppo township—A. J. Hinerman, C. Hughes.
Cumberland tp—T. L. Cummins, Josiah Gayan.
Carmichaels Boro.—J. C. Parnell, J. N. Crago.
Centre township—James Cull, John Rogers, Jr.
Dunkard township—Capt. Coon, Aaron Sackett.
Franklin township—S. W. Scott, Lycurgus Grim.
Gilmore township—J. B. Forbes, J. L. Simpson.
Greene township—J. H. Morris, S. Herrington.
Jackson township—P. M. Grimes, S. D. Bayard.
Jefferson township—Chas. Hughes, Jno. Cotterel.
Jefferson Borough—Wm. Martin, B. B. Smith.
Marion township—D. Adams.
Monongahela tp.—D. R. Jones, P. L. Kramer.
Morgan tp.—J. C. Packingham, John Greenlee.
Morris township—James Paxon, M. J. Lightner.
Perry township—John A. Phillips, J. W. Lowe.
Richhill township—Dr. Hall, J. M. Walton.
Springhill township—E. Ferrell, T. H. Meghen.
Washington township—T. J. Penn, Geo. Keigley.
Wayne township—M. Brant, morris Scott.
Whitely township—Owen Hutson, C. P. Morris.

JNO. H. WISE, Morris tp.,
Chairman.

GRANT AND CURTIN.

Our country's welfare is our first concern.
And who promotes that best, best proves his duty.

—*Horace.*

In placing the illustrious names above at the head of our columns, we perfect the intention of two year's conception and believe we do that which meets the approbation of all good citizens.

Concerning our candidate for President, reasons are not wanting why his name should be presented for the highest national honor. If there is anything in the facts of his past record; an early life consecrated to his country's service; his toilsome upward career in the face of difficulties innumerable; his unflinching integrity for the right; his unassuming modesty; his political conscientiousness; all would point to him as the bright particular star in the constellation of national heroes. We favor his election to the highest place in the nation because he belongs to the People and is emphatically their protege. He came of worthy though humble ancestors, was educated at the expense of the People and has ever served them faithfully in all trusts committed to him. His deeds have spoken for him and there remains no doubt in the minds of thinking men but what his course in politics has been and always will be for "our country's welfare." We favor his election because he proved himself a soldier. Whatever calumnies may be heaped upon him by those whose hearts ached at the news of Union victory and rejoiced over defeat, he *was* the Cour de Leon that cleaved the *Confederacy* by persistent blows. We favor his election because, since the war, he has "acted the way he shot." No single deed can be cited wherein his honor and that of the country was at stake, but what the common good was taken into consideration. Lastly, we favor his election because fully two thirds of those who arrayed themselves on the side of liberty in the recent war desire it. With this statement, imperfect as it is, we once more "fall in" with the grand army enlisting under his banner, determined to "fight it on that same line," and with the conviction upon election next November next will witness more glorious results than those achieved by our leader on the memorable 9th of April, '65.

Andrew Gregg Curtin, our next choice, belongs to the Keystone State. Her history has been made doubly brilliant by the wise and successful administration of ex-Gov. Curtin during the events of the late war. To him rightfully belongs the title of "The Soldier's Friend," for no one labored with greater zeal for their welfare. Attentive to their wants in the field and hospital, he earned immortal fame for his kindness, and to-day the widows and orphans of the fallen speak his praise. Familiar as a household word the name of Curtin is spoken of in every hamlet in the State as the fittest of all other to be placed beside his compatriot Grant.

Armed by a strong conviction that we represent the loyal people of the country, in hoisting the names of Grant and Curtin there is a justice in the proposition that cannot want a proper end, and the fight for being heartily pushed will result in a more overwhelming victory!

GEORGIA Democrats are a very tolerant people. The Savannah *Advertiser* a Democratic paper, in a double leaded leader and large capitals, advises its patrons to drive out of employment, and if possible, out of the city all men, white or colored, who vote the Republican ticket.

THE Impeachment trial will be decided this week.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD—550 MILES COMPLETED.

We learn that the Union Pacific Railroad is being pushed forward this year more rapidly than ever. A much larger force will be employed upon it during 1868 than ever before. Rock-cuttings have been continued in the Laramie Mountains during the entire winter, and there has been much less snow there than in the latitude of New York city. Not less than 8,000 additional laborers will be in the field this season, besides 2,000 mechanics, bridge builders, iron workers, &c. There will also be 2,000 teams, with the necessary horses and mules for the plows and scrapers, and not less than 1,500 wagons and carts. Much of the lumber for bridges, ties, &c., is already cut, and saw-mills and shops are busy in turning out the mechanical appliances for the great work. Iron sufficient to lay 200 miles of additional track has already been delivered on the ground, and there is every prospect that not less than 300 miles more road will be finished during the present year.

We learn that 550 miles west from Omaha are now completed, and that the locomotive, followed by its long train of cars, is *actually running over the highest point of the Rocky Mountains that will be traversed by the line.* This achievement is something to be proud of, and gives good promise that eight to nine hundred miles of the eastern end of the line will be in running order during this year. The western end, beginning at Sacramento, California, is being pushed forward with similar vigor, and we learn that 400 miles of it is expected to be finished this season. The distance from Omaha to Sacramento is 1721 miles, and it is now believed that at least 1200 miles of the whole line will be finished before 1869. This will leave only between 500 and 600 miles to be completed hereafter, and it would not be surprising if the grand celebration of the completion of the Pacific Railroad would take place a twelve month earlier than the Companies now promise. Genius, Pluck, and Money will then have accomplished one of the greatest and most useful works in the world. It was indispensable to the political as well as physical welfare of the country. It will bind the great extremes of the nation together, stop our Indian wars, develop our mineral resources, and add greatly to the wealth and prosperity of the nation.

It can hardly be doubted that this—the only railroad between the Atlantic and Pacific States—will be a very profitable as well as a very valuable work. The great tide of travel between the two oceans must flow over it, and the merely local business which springs up along the line, as it is opened, and with the adjacent mines, not only pays the interest on all the bonded debt of the Company, but a handsome profit besides. The net earnings of the Union Pacific on 386 miles of road from May to January last, are officially reported at over a million dollars, and Congress already threatens to interfere to reduce rates and compel the Company to stop making so much profit. As the Government advances about one-third of the cost of the road, and appoints five of the directors, it will have an active voice in the matter whenever it is necessary to exercise it.

The Company's First Mortgage Bonds, bearing six per cent. gold interest, have made a ready sale, and a limited amount are now offered at par. We can see no reason why they are not a perfectly safe as well as a very profitable security. Subscriptions are received by various Banks and Bankers advertised as agents, who have a valuable pamphlet for gratuitous distribution to parties interested, which will furnish full information.

THE Republican County Convention for nominating a ticket for the ensuing election in Lawrence county does not meet till June 1st, prox. Beaver and Washington have not yet named a time for like action. This, with the fact that the meeting of conferees will be yet later, will give our friends in this county plenty of time to have a call issued for a nominating Convention in a manner that will give universal satisfaction. Under the existing circumstances we would urge upon the Chairman of our County Committee, the importance of this, he having repeatedly stated that *"the call for the Convention held was worded with the express view that no move would be made toward nominating a ticket!"* What we aim at is unanimity. If this is obtained we are satisfied. Why should there be anything lost by a fair understanding with the people? Without it there certainly will be a loss. Just think upon it.

COLONEL JAMES HERON FOSTER, the senior editor and one of the proprietors and founders of the Pittsburgh *Daily Dispatch*, died on the 22, inst. in that city. He was a self-made man a good thinker and as a public man won the admiration of friends and foes.

POLITICAL THEIVERY.

In all the forms know to law,--by the proclamation of the Secretary of the Treasury, by the advertisements of the authorized agents of the Government, by the general consent of the people themselves, and most emphatically by the representations made in foreign markets, it was agreed that the bonds were to be paid in gold, or its equivalent. They were issued in time of war, at depreciated rates, because the nation's life was trembling in the scale, and the highest inducements were essential to draw out the money of patriotic citizens and friendly aliens. All moralists are agreed to the principle that "a promise is to be interpreted as the promiser believes that the promisee understood it." No sane man pretends that Congress was practising a trick on the people in passing the national loan bills. No sane man supposes that the people who lent their money were expecting to be paid in paper below par. The contract was therefore made by the Government and the lenders of the money, both understanding it in the same way, and in that way it must be executed, or the nation's credit and honor are ruined, and its name becomes justly the scoff and derision of all honest men on earth who can read or hear the story of its infamy.

Pettifoggers and popularity hunters in the midst of a thieving generation; parties willing to buy notes by appeals to the avarice of men, or evade their honest debts, may make it appear to the mob that it is cheaper to defraud a creditor than to pay him his debt, but in the long run it is poor policy to be a scoundrel, and national repudiation is but the aggregate scoundrelism of a majority of a people.

LAST week in publishing the minutes of the Republican Convention we printed them as they were written by the Secretary. Perhaps, in justice to the gentlemen, it would be proper to state that two or more delegates withdrew without voting on the nominations made, and also that the names of at least two mentioned in connection with the Congressional nomination were used with out their consent, they having no thought that the question of choosing nominees would come up in that Convention and, of course, made no effort to the end of securing an election.

EXAMINATION.

WIND RIDGE, GREENE CO., April 23, 1868.

MR. EDITOR:—I desire to communicate through the columns of your paper a brief sketch, concerning the closing exercises of a public school taught during the winter by Prof. Newton Braddock.

The school closed on the 24th day of March. The day being pleasant, at an early hour the school convened. The house was filled with spectators. The examination was thorough and very satisfactory to all present. The performances were interspersed with enlivening instrumental music by the "Nebo string band," under the supervision of Prof. Robert Burns. To the honor of the ladies and citizens who so generously entertained us with the delicacies and good things which they had provided, and with which we so readily satisfied our appetites, we extend our sincere thanks. The entire exercises evinced faithful labor on the part of the teacher, and diligence, application and marked progress on the part of the scholars.

Mr. Braddock's method of teaching is certain to secure success, and is worthy of imitation. He is a model educator. He has acquired for himself justly a reputation as a successful teacher. But while we are willing to give the teacher due credit for his ability, efficiency and success in developing the intellectual faculties of those committed to his care, it is not for the most finished workman to present us with the perfect specimen of his craft and skill, unless he have the material that is fitted to receive the finished touches he would impart, and hence we would be entirely too partial in our commendation, did we not also extend a share of it to those whose talents have rendered them capable of such improvement, even under the instruction of an adept.

At the close of the examination the citizens and parents present were called on to express their sentiments in regard to their satisfaction. There was but one sentiment expressed, and that was entire satisfaction. The Rev. Stevenson being present during the greater part of the exercises, was called on and replied in some brief but appropriate remarks. So did also Burns Teagarden, Crow and Phillips—teachers who were present. Mr. Phillips delivered an able address on the "importance of education." SPECTATOR.

TWENTY-THREE States have held their State or District Republican Conventions and appointed delegates to the Chicago Convention, and all without a break in the line, have pronounced for General Grant as their candidate for the Presidency.

Surratt's Trial.

The trial of John H. Surratt has been fixed for the 12th of May" in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia" Judge D. K. Cartter presiding.

WANTS HIS "SAY"—AND HAS IT.

MR. EDITOR:—I see from an editorial in your last issue that you charge the Conferees elected on the 14th inst. with being pledged to another man, than the one nominated in the Convention. Allow me through the columns of your paper to positively deny anything of the kind. As for my own part I will vote for no other man than the one nominated by the *Convention*. I have never dreamed of doing otherwise, and I *know, positively, know*, that the other two conferees are of the same mind. Allow me to say also that your editorial was very ill-timed, and I am confident you will find it so, if you do not retract some things contained therein. There has never been a larger and more intelligent convention in the county, and I think that all its actions must stand, the majority must rule, and the minority must submit, if not we are not *Democratic*. As to J. B. Donley being in league with an other man, I leave for him to say for himself. I say, did I think him capable of such meanness, I would not feel myself much honored in being one of the conferees and could not give him that hearty support that I will, or that I would give any other *good, Greene County man.*

I think that had things transpired differently from what they did in choice of a *man* there would have been no contention. I might say more but will not unless forced to by future developments. I don't want to say anything that will be detrimental to the party. I want harmony, and we need it if we ever did in the coming campaign. Hoping we may all work harmoniously together for the good of our common Country I subscribe myself.

Yours, &c.,
F. H. CRAGO.

Carmichaels April 23, '68.

[We differ with Mr. Crago, in that we have any thing to retract. Did we say anything that was untrue?]

THE *Tribune* remarks that since the safe arrival of Sergeant Bates at Washington after his arduous travel among the Ku Klux of the South, the public begin to inquire into the fate of another illustrious traveler whose peregrinations began about the same time, and evidently in imitation of the Wisconsin rooster. We mean the hen, or *hen*, a real feathered biddy, who was started some two months ago by the boys of one of the Eastern Express offices, and who has been going ever since this side up with care, well fed and everywhere hailed with as much satisfaction as was manifested in any place for Bates and the flag. The hen cackled less, perhaps, and we are not aware that any public meeting was called in her honor; but she has had quite a good time of it, and started with quite as sensible object in view, and her still unconcluded travels have quite as much political significance as those of Mr. Bates. With *E Pluribus Unum* in her bill and the American flag painted on her off wing, she would have been a better and honester symbol of the eagle of our country than has the foot-sore and dreadfully bored small sugar boy whose exploits have been so minutely recorded. His work is done, and now the hen takes up the wondrous tale. Pass along that hen.

THE WHITE MAN'S PARTY.

We beg our "Democratic" friends hereabouts, who are so much afraid of negro equality and are so jubilant over the defeat of negro suffrage in Michigan, to provide themselves with chloride of lime or some other powerful disenfectant, before they peruse the following, one of the resolutions passed by the "Democratic State Convention" held at Columbia South Carolina on the 31 of this month:

"*Resolved*, That under the action of the State of South Carolina, heretofore taken, we recognize the colored population of the State as an integral element of the body politic, and as such, in person and property, entitled to a full and equal protection under the State Constitution and laws; and that as citizens of South Carolina we declare our willingness, when we have the power, to grant them, under proper qualifications as to property and intelligence, the right of suffrage."

Economy (?)

IT would appear from a resolution offered in the House on Monday that among the material aid contributed by the Administration to carry the Connecticut election for the Democracy was the United States sloop-of-war Sabine, which it is charged, was detained several days in the harbor of New-London after it had been ordered out of commission, so that the crew might be marched to the polls for Gov. English. This arrangement cost the United States $20,000. The Secretary of the Navy was appealed to for information but a Democratic member, of course, objected, and so the resolution yet hangs fire. We appeal to the House to force it through. Let us have this charge thoroughly investigated.—*Tribune.*

Aquatic.

A race for the Championship of America and a purse of $2,000, has been arranged between Jimmy Hamill and Henry Coulter. The rowing is to come off on the Schuylkill river at Philadelphia on the 18th day of June. It was mutually agreed between Hamill and Coulter, that no matter in whose favor the race should be decided, neither party would recognize Walter Brown as an oarsman in any race, or accept or reply to any challenge coming from him. Hamill resides in Pittsburg and Coulter in Manchester, Allegheny county, Pa.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

A special dispatch to the *Commercial* of April 24, says: Gov. Boutwell finished his argument at one o'clock today, and after a recess, Mr. Nelson, of the President's counsel, began what proved to be one of the most ludicrous speeches ever delivered in the Senate. In the manner of the speaker, in some of the matter, in gestures, in earnestness and in effect upon the Senate it was fully equal to a Hard Shell sermon. It more than overbalanced the worst that has ever been charged upon the manner or bearing of any of the managers. Judge Curtis and Evarts could not by any effort conceal their disgust, and Curtis withdrew at an early hour, but Evarts and Groesbeck sat it through. By turns Senators were disgusted and amused, and these feelings were display without regard to party.

Mr. Nelson began by giving a brief outline of his own professional career, from which it appeared that he had been a lawyer for thirty years and had tried cases involving life, liberty and character. The following is a fair specimen of the first portion of his speech: "The charge, had been made that the President was an unworthy successor of those who had filled his high office; that he was ribald and a wanton; that he bandied jests and oaths with the crowd. These charges had been made and reiterated, and until now no reply had been made to them and he proposed now before entering on a review of the articles of Impeachment, to answer them. If the President was such a man as had been painted, then he (Mr. N.) would say he was indeed "a monster of such frightful mien, that to be hated but to be seen;" that "a whip should be placed in the hands of every man to lash him naked through the world;" that his name should be used to frighten children with; that the memory of his crimes would 'cause every particular hair to stand on end like quills upon a fretful porcupine."

He then read from Wort a paragraph for the benefit of the managers and went on with what appeared to be a parody on the school speech, beginning "Who was Blennerhassett?" repeating frequently instead of the above words, "Who was Andrew Johnson?" Then he traced him from the time he was a small boy in Greenville, where he soon afterwards in what Mr. Nelson termed an humble mechanical pursuit, up through his whole career, omitting, however, his service of Alderman, to the Presidency. This, and his service in the Senate as a Union man, was Mr. Johnson's usual speech on that subject almost word for word, bad grammar and all. In explaining who Andrew Johnson was, he declared he was an old Democrat, had announced himself in his letter accepting the Republican nomination, and had been true to his early views. He had followed Lincoln's policy, and, according to Mr. Nelson, had retained Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, which was thought to be quite an admission by the managers. He next defended at length and with great warmth, the right and duty of the Chief Justice to assume and exercise Judicial powers, and the carnestness with which he demanded that the Chief Justice should assert his right in these respects was regarded by all as utterly out of place. He, however announced that he did not know as he was expressing the views of any other gentleman of counsel. The whole speech bore evident marks of having been directly inspired by the President, and is the universal subject of laughter by both parties to-night. Mr. Nelson did not finish, but will, unless the counsel succeed in restraining him, occupy half the session to-morrow. Mr. Groesbeck will follow him; then Williams and Stevens on the part of the managers, if they have the strength, then Evarts and lastly Bingham.

One of the Cabinet ministers yesterday expressed a decided opinion that his official duties would end within ten days.

On Friday Mr. Nelson closed his argument in defense of the President at twenty minutes after four, much to the relief of the Court, and especially of the rest of the counsel. Judge Curtis sat at the table about eighteen minutes, and Mr. Evarts about the same time, while Nelson was speaking, but all the rest of the time the table was vacated. Both of these gentlemen have been inconsolably worried by the effort of yesterday and to-day. Judge Curtis now intends to speak in place of Judge Stanberry. Mr. Groesbeck will address the court to-morrow. As a specimen of Nelson's digression during his speech, he went into a full history of the Alta Vela guano case from the President's stand point, as a reason for Judge Black not appearing as one of the counsel. He also said as one of the President's counsel, the House of Representatives, with ten States excluded, had no right to present articles of impeachment, and the Senate, with twenty empty seats, had no constitutional right to try them.

A letter from Hon. L. D. Campbell, of Ohio, to President Johnson, dated May 5th, 1865, is published to-day for the first time. One object of the letter was to urge a change in the Cabinet and the matter is thus summed up: "The naked question presented is whether the Administration is to be marked in American history as yours, or as a mere continuation of Mr. Lincoln's; whether you are to open books for business on your own account or merely to act as an "administrator with will annexed, of your predecessor, your friends will expect you to carry on business on your own account."

ONE gambling shop in Cheyenne contains sixteen faro and roulette banks and one keno bank. There are in the house, besides, six billiard tables.

THE LIQUOR-TRAFFIC.

The N. Y. *Examiner*, in an interesting article, collates some striking facts and figures about the Liquor traffic in the United States. The Revenue report to the Treasurer, January 1868 says: "The *present* production of *distilled* spirits in the United States, theoretically available for assessment and revenue, is undoubtedly about *fifty millions of proof gallons per annum.*"

The total number of licensed establishments for the sale of liquor in the United States, is 130,000, that is one establishment for every 266 persons, or for every fifty-three families. This statement cannot be an exaggeration, for the more carefully prepared statistics of New York State give one grog-shop to every 183 of the inhabitants.

These 130,000 licensed liquor establishments occupy more buildings than there are in the city and county of Philadelphia, according to the returns of January 1863.

If a frontage of twenty feet were allowed each liquor establishment, they would form a solid row of buildings more than *four hundred and ninety-two miles long*—longer than the railroad route from Boston, by way of New York and Philadelphia, to Washington City. The number of persons required to carry on this iniquitous traffic, assigning three to each place, (in New York city the average of five each), is 390,000, more than the population of Baltimore or Boston.

In the State of New York, the number of licensed grog-shops is 21,212, and of employees in them, 63,726. The number of schools and churches is 18,302, and that of teachers and ministers, 33,211.

The sum of money expended for liquor throughout the country, is still more startling. The total value of retail liquor sales for one year, in the different States and Territories, is $1,483,491,865. The total value of railroads and their equipments is little more than this, viz: $1,654,050,799. This enormous amount spent for intoxicating drink, is equivalent to $43 for every man woman and child in the country. It is more "the entire product of the precious metals," from all the States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains for *twenty years*, from 1848 to January 1868, which Mr. J. Ross Browne, in his recent report to the Secretary of the Treasury estimates at $1,165,000,000. It is more than *ten* times the total value of all the church property in the United States, given by the census of 1860 as $171,398,532. It is more than one-half our entire national debt, (not deducting the cash in the treasury), which was $2,625,502,848 on November 1, 1867.

The Mortgage Law.

One of the most important laws ever placed on the statute books of the State is that which relieves all mortgages, judgements and recognizances owing on articles of agreement on the sale of real estate from taxation. We print the act as it now appears on the file of the Secretary of the Commonwealth:

Be it enacted, &c., That all mortgages, judgments and recognizances owing upon articles of agreement for the sale of real estate made and executed after the passage of this act, shall be exempted from all taxation, and that from and after the first day of December next, no taxes of any description shall be assessed or collected on or from mortgages, judgments, recognizances or moneys owing upon articles of agreement for the sale of real estate, whether made and executed before or after the passage of this act: *Provided*, That nothing in this shall be construed to apply to mortgages, judgments or articles of agreement given by corporations.

Heavy Bond Robbery.

NEW YORK, April 23.—A mysterious robbery occurred at the banking office of, Tanner & Co., No. 50 Wall street, sometime during Tuesday night or early yesterday morning. A tin box, containing $30,000, in ten-forty bonds, which had been deposited in the safe in the inner office Wednesday afternoon were found to be missing yesterday forenoon, when, a clerk went in to get them. A detective was detailed to look after the case. Up to a late hour last night no traces of the thief had been discovered. The stolen bonds were thirty-nine in number, twenty-seven being for $1,000 each, and twelve for $500 each. A reward of $500 has been offered for the recovery of the lost property. It is stated that at the time scrimgers had not been allowed inside the office where the bonds were kept, and how they disappeared is a question to be solved.

THE conviction in Wall street that the President will be disposed of is all but general, and strong parties are backing up the prediction with heavy bets. The influential Weed and Seward interest is being worked against conviction not that it cares for Mr. Johnson so much as it does for the retention of the lucrative patronage it still controls one way and another in the Custom House, the Postoffice, and the Internal Revenue Department. If Ben Wade once gets in, it is no secret that he will make short work of these in order that the more Radical men of the party may have a turn at the public crib. The *Evening Post*, which represents the ins, has a strong article against conviction.

THE *Gazette* of Pittsburgh says a Southern mariner is said to have been so bitterly partizan as to refuse to be guided by the North Star, and the consequence was his vessel was shattered.

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 70 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

THE UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THEIR

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

AT PAR,

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

The Great Pacific Railroad Line, extending 1721 miles from Omaha, on the Missouri river, to the tide-waters of the Pacific Ocean, is being built by two powerful Companies—The UNION PACIFIC, beginning at Omaha, building West, and the Central Pacific of California, beginning at Sacramento, building East, until the two roads shall meet.

Both Companies have prosecuted the work with great vigor, the Union Pacific having already expended over

THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS,

and the Central over TWENTY MILLIONS, upon their respective parts of the undertaking. The Union Pacific have completed 550 miles—have iron and other materials for two hundred miles more upon the ground, and one hundred additional miles are ready for the track. They will have a much larger force employed this year than ever before, and it is expected that between

800 AND 900 MILES

will be in operation during 1868. There seems to be no reasonable doubt that the distance between Omaha and Sacramento will be traversed by rail in 1870.

THE GOVERNMENT GRANTS 12,800 acres of land, and its Bonds to the average amount of $32,000 per mile, to aid in the construction of the line, and authorises the issue of the first mortgage Bonds now offered for sale, to the same amount and no more. The Government takes a second lien, and gives to the First Mortgage Bond-holders a prior lien for their security, to which a large paid-up capital is added. The Bonds cannot be issued except as each section of twenty miles is accepted by Government commission, so that they always represent a real property.

It is universally admitted that on the completion of the Union Pacific Railroad, its through business will make it one of the most profitable in the world—but its WAY or LOCAL business is already several times the interest on its bonds; so that, if not another mile were built, they would be a secure investment.

THE NET EARNINGS for eight months of last year on an average of 336 miles are officially reported at $1,999,131, while the interest on all the Bonds it could issue on that length of road for that time, reduced to currency, was only $1,176,768.

The amount paid by the Government for the transportation of troops, munitions, stores and mails has been, and doubtless will continue to be much more than the interest on the United States second Mortgage Bonds. If it is not, the charter provides that after the road is completed, and until said bonds and interest are paid, at least five per cent. of the net earnings of the road shall be applied to such payment.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

NEARLY NINE PER CENT.,

AND IT IS BELIEVED THAT THEY WILL SOON BEAT A PREMIUM.

The Company have but a very limited supply of their Bonds remaining on hand, but any subscriptions accepted to a greater amount than can be filled from Bonds now in the Company's possession, will be supplied from the New Bonds to be issued on that portion of the road completed in the Spring, in the order in which they are received.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will receive the par value of the bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in Waynesburg, Pa., BY THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

In New York

AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, 20 Nassau St. and by

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, 59 Wall St. And by the Company's Advertising Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be had in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP for 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the progress of the work, the resources of the country traversed by the Road, the means for construction, and the value of the bonds, which will be sent free on application at at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
ap 29,'68-3m

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY

OF THE WAR.

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A LOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial answers to the Causes of the war and the conduct of it, and gives those inner lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and whose were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

As a public duty has been entrusted with AP-PROPRIATELY SIMILAR PRODUCTIONS, we promise a change of tone, both agreeable and ordinary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that immediate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, its Official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

One agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days.

One in Boston, Mass. 103 subscribers in four days.

One in Memphis, Tenn. 106 subscribers in five days.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the Work, with Press notices of universal sheets, &c.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
28, South Seventh St. Philadelphia.
ap 29-3t

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,

No 42 Fifth Street, one door from Wood, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Fine Jewelry, Watches,
Diamonds, Pure Silver Ware,
Plated Ware of every description,
French Clocks, Tea Sets, Spoons,
Forks, Watch makers tools, &c.,

And agency of the
CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES.

We also keep the largest and most varied assortment of the very best American Made Clocks, to be found in any city east or west. Persons in want of any article in our line, either at wholesale or for their own use, will always find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York City.

WATCH REPAIRING—To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch-makers), we pay very special attention. We employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care, for the trade or individuals, may rely on getting satisfaction.

Work may be sent by express or otherwise.
REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Wholesale & retail Jewellers & Silversmiths,
42 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ap 29,'68-1y

The Waynesburg Republican.

NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.—Attorneys will be held responsible for Paper Books, Advertising and Job Work, ordered by them and not paid for in advance. Such bills to be collectable on demand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

☞Administrators Notice—Hiram Rinehart, ☞Sale of Bonds—U. P. R. R. ☞Agents Wanted—Nat'l. Pub. Co. ☞Jewelry, &c.—Reineman & Co.

DR. SARGENT'S Back-ache Pills for sale at Dr. Braden's Drug Store.

WHEN you have read this paper, suppose you just hand it to your neighbor and ask him if he don't think he'd better subscribe.

CHANGE.—Miss "Lottie" Stoy takes charge of Room No. 2, of the Union School, opening Monday next, vice Miss "Tillie" Cosgray, resigned.

AHEAD OF TIME.—We are out this week one day ahead of time. The fact is, we are going to the show and would advise all *who are favored with complimentaries* to do likewise.

ALL HANDS AT THE "REP."

SWEET ALISSUM is a pretty little garden-flower; but if you want a whiff of *sweet elysium*, you will find the nearest approach to it in the heavenly odor of Phalon's new perfume, "Flor de Mayo." Sold by all druggists.

DEDICATION.—The Baptist Church, recently erected on the farm of Robt. T. Hanna, near Pierceville, this county, will be dedicated on Sunday, May 17, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. Sermon to be preached by Rev. J. P. Hall, late of New Jersey.

RUNAWAY.—Last Thursday a pair of horses attached to a lumber wagon took fright and dashed madly up our street, fortunately without further injury than that of overturning a cart and smashing the wagon somewhat. It was the result of carelessness on the part of the driver.

IF you desire to impress the public that you have the best wares, and the best prices, and are worthily entitled to their patronage, advertise yourself. Do not expect to accomplish everything with one trial, nor two, nor three, but keep at it, and you will surely win.

THE "FIERCE DEMOCRACIE" held high carnival at their old trysting place during this past term of Court. They still ride the old hobbies and sing the same songs to new tunes. Nightly the "desk-bangers" kept the hen-roosts in the vicinity in perpetual trepidation. But no descent was made for like the screech-owl they are "all noise and feathers without flesh and blood."

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE &c.—The attention of our readers wanting anything to be found at a first class Jewelry store is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. Reineman Meyran and Sadle, 42 Fifth St., Pittsburg, which will be found in our paper this week. Messrs. R. M. & S. have removed into their new building, which is decidedly the handsomest store room on the great Broadway of Pittsburgh and there is nothing in their line that they are not able to supply.

LOOKING UP.—Business is looking up. So say our merchants. The unusual weather of our present spring has had a depressing influence upon trade. Soon as bright sunshine takes the place of the rainy, drizzling, drenching weather we have been so abundantly blessed with for some time past, we may look for brisk times. It is worthy of notice, that while there has been such stagnation in mercantile circles, the mechanic branches have been unusually active.

GONE TO THE WEST.—Wm. E. Gapen Esq. resident Attorney of our place, having disposed of his property here started with his family for the West on Monday. He goes to Illinois. Mr. Gapen was long a citizen of Waynesburg and had established for himself a character and business that most men would consider flattering. The community can ill afford to lose such members. He leaves bearing with him the well wishes of friends left behind and commended to any and all with whom he may come in contact in his western career.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.—On Monday last Mr. P. A. Knox was admitted to practice in the several Courts of this County. Mr. Knox is a young man of fine talents and thorough education and we doubt not will in time acquit himself very creditably in the practice of that most arduous of professions—the law. Both Mr. Knox and Mr. Parkinson, whose admission we noticed last week, were students of Messrs. Wyly & Buchman. Success to you boys—may your influences ever be cast, as we believe it will, upon the side of truth, virtue and good government!

"THE SWEETEST THING IN LIFE" is good health and good spirits, and if you have them not, the next best thing is what will restore bloom to the faded cheek and happiness to the drooping heart. The great and sure remedy is Plantation Bitters, which our physicians recommend to both male and female patients, as a safe, reliable, agreeable and cordial stimulant. They contain nothing to disagree with the most delicate constitution, and have won golden opinions from all who have tried them and probably no article was ever tried by so many persons. They elevate the depressed and give strength to the weak.

THE HORSE TRADE.—During the last two weeks there has been unusual activity in the horse business. Buyers were numerous and would pay the best prices for good animals. Any reasonable offer was quickly taken, and then the supply did not fill the demand. Most of these horses are shipped to the Eastern cities to be used for all purposes. Greene county horses have attained a celebrity in New York and Philadelphia. The breed is medium sized, rugged, adapted to light or heavy draught, riding or driving. The trade has increased to a large extent within a few years and now promises to become a leading interests with our farmers and one, too, that pays.

MAJ. J. H. BAIRD.—Relative to the chances of this gentleman's re-nomination for the Legislature of West Va., the Grafton *Chronicle* says, "we look upon Bristor's nomination as a fore-gone conclusion, we wish that we were as sure of 3,000 subscribers to the *Chronicle* within three months. The Major is a very worthy man, and will make us a good Representative, just "keep the ark a moving." The Republican party of old Taylor, as a matter of course, will be a unit." What this means is clear enough. The Major has proved himself capable and deserving as a soldier, member of the Legislature and Treasurer of the State, and the people seem determined he shall yet serve them. We hope to hear of his re-election.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—*Second Week.*—On Monday came up for final decision the question of license to sell liquor in the Borough of Waynesburg. A remonstrance was presented, signed by a very large majority of the people of the town, praying the court to refuse said licenses. It was argued, upon the part of the applicants, that the granting of such licenses were necessary for the accommodation of the public; upon the part of the remonstrancers, that while *hotels* were indisputably necessary for such accommodation, the *retailing of whiskey* could only profit those who pocketed the dimes of the unfortunate drinkers. The Court came to the conclusion (how long they had been there we can't say) that four licenses to sell liquor in our Borough were absolutely necessary for the accomodation of the public and consequently granted the same. We think, upon the whole, the agitation of the license question before the court will have a very healthy effect and that those who struggle so hard for licenses will be more careful than such persons have heretofore been not to violate the conditions upon which they were granted. We believe, however, that it is admitted on all hands perfectly absurd to talk of making money selling liquor without violating the provisions of the law upon the subject. We have seen less drunkenness upon the streets during the past year than in any one year during our recollection. Let us hope that the reform may become more universal throughout the county generally.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday were taken up in the trial of the celebrated case of *Miller vs. Miller*. This was an action of ejectment brought for the possession of a tract of land situated in Aleppo Township in this county. The case had been tried twice in court and once before arbitrators previous to the present trial, the verdict each time, as well as in the present trial, being given for the defendant. Much contradictory evidence was evolved and the character of a number of the witnesses for veracity was severely attacked. A large number of witnesses were present and considering the points of law involved, the discussion of which is usually dry to an audience, a great degree of interest was manifested in the trial.

The case of *Towers vs. Hayles* and *Knauf*, which it was expected would consume three or four days, was postponed till June Term. Several smaller cases were disposed of and on Friday evening Court adjourned. It was decided to have a two weeks term in June.

CUT SHANKS Boots, calf back and front, warranted in every particular, for $6.00, at M. C. & H. Bell's!

GO TO G. W. Roberts Drug Store for anything in the Drug Line.

GENTLEMEN'S patent, quarter Oxford ties, at M. C. & H. Bell's very cheap for cash!

BEST White Lead, Linseed Oil and Turpentine sold at Braden's Drug Store.

THE OFFICIAL History of the Pacific Railroads, Character, Conditions and Results. By Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

This work which shortly will be brought before the public is well calculated to those who have the means of knowing its contents. Being written by the Second Officer of the Confederacy it will possess material interest at the same time it is to be the estimate of honest men because the author "knew his duty and did it not." Stephens in any event is one of the most talented gentlemen in all Southerners in its abuse of the "mud-sills" of the North, and, of course, though he have a tale bearing no cannot ex cept their sympathy or rely upon their credulity now. Mr. Benson Fordyce, of our county, is agent for this work, and those who wish to secure it can subscribe when he calls on them. There are yet other agents wanted. See advertisement.

PRESCRIPTION carefully compounded at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

MARYLAND Snow White Lime in any quantity sold at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

MISHLER'S HERBS sold at Braden's cheap Drug Store, Waynesburg.

STRICTLY Pure White Lead, largest stock in town for sale at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

COLLEGE—SUMMER SESSION.—School began in this institution on Monday last, and, contrary to former usage, the machinery has already settled into the grooves and everything moves with precision. We are not informed as to the actual number of students at present, or of the probable increase, but from the host of familiar faces and the very numerous strange countenances that greet us at every turn on the street it is fair to presume the attendance flattering. Of course all are pleased to see this evidence of advancement. What argues well is that many come from a distance, thus attesting the proficiency and celebrity of the College. Not a few are residents of our county—a visible proof that the labors of those in charge of the school are being appreciated at home. Build forward and upward! The educational interests of our community and county, and you build up the interests of our whole people.

FAYETTE COUNTY POLITICS.—The Convention for nominating county officers for the ensuing election meets June 8 prox.

Jasper M. Thompson, Esq., of Menallen township, and G. W. K. Miller, Esq., of Uniontown, are announced as candidates for the Congressional nomination on the Republican ticket for the 21 District.

A meeting of the Counties of Fayette, Westmoreland and Indiana counties, will be held at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, on the first Monday, the 4th day of May next to select a delegate for 21st Congressional District to the National Nominating Convention at Chicago.

OILS of all kinds and of the finest quality, sold at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

IF you want fine toilet articles go to Braden's Drug Store.

VARNISH of all kinds sold at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

A NEW Stock of Pure Drugs just received at Braden's Drug Store.

JUST OPENED.—A new and complete stock of Boots and Shoes at M. C. & H. Bell's cheap store, Sayers' corner, Waynesburg. Among their stock will be found all the Spring Styles, direct from the manufacturers, selected by M. C. & H. expressly for this market.

WINSOR'S Cod Liver Oil and Lime for sale at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

BARNETT'S Vegetable Hair Restorative, best in use sold at G. W. Robert's Drug Store.

MY Friends throughout the county can hereafter buy my Stewart's Champion Salve at the Drug Store of Dr. D. W. Braden, who is Sole Agent for Greene county, where it can be had by the Gross, Dozen or single package.

DR. J. H. STEWART.

PRIDE.—We take great pride (?) in the wholesome (?) effects produced by the change of from *one* to *four* licensed houses in the Borough. We have seen more drunken men in one week than in one whole year previous; last Saturday three were drunk before breakfast, one man whipped his wife before dinner and two ladies were grossly insulted on our street!

"When judges a campaigning go,
And on their benches look so big,
What gives them consequence, I trow,
Is nothing but a bushel wig!"

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet articles—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

1000 REWARD!—M. C. & H. Bell will give the above reward for a foot that does not look well in one of their new styled, tipped, ankle gaiters!

WE will send the REPUBLICAN to any address, until after the Presidential election for one dollar.

Died.

STROSNIDER—On the 24th of March, 1868, in Livingston Co. Ills., Mrs. Elizabeth Strosnider, wife of Michael Strosnider, formerly of this county, and daughter of Robert McCormick, aged 35 years.

SMITH—In Morgan township, Greene Co., Pa., April 5th 1868, Mr. Ira Smith, aged 22 years and eight months.

PORTER—On Saturday April 18, 1868, at his residence in Richhill township Greene Co., of Jaundice, Dr. Wm. Porter, aged about 53 years.

[A lengthy obituary accompanied the above notice but was without a name, or conformity to our rules. Of course we must leave it out as an anonymous. People will learn in time, we hope, to know our rules.]

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, April 28, 1868.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₩ lb	40
Eggs ₩ doz	15
Potatoes ₩ bush	1 35@2 50
Lard ₩ lb	12½
Tallow ₩ lb	1½
Country Soap ₩ lb	6
Dried Apples ₩ lb	6
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₩ bbl	12 00
Wheat ₩ bush	2 40
Rye ₩ bush	1 15@1 20
Corn ₩ bush	90
Corn Meal ₩ bush	92
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₩ lb	28@30
Tea ₩ lb	1 80
Brown sugar ₩ lb	15
Loaf sugar ₩ lb	20
Rio sugar ₩ lb	16
Syrup ₩ gal	1 20
Molasses (N. Orleans)	75
Sorghum ₩ gal	3 25
Salt ₩ bbl	15
Rice ₩ lb	

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, April 25, 1868.

The produce market to-day ruled moderately active, but there is a steady and healthy consumptive demand for most articles of merchandise. Sales are not generally made in very large lots, but often. Flour is very active and higher. There is a large demand for bacon and lard and prices still tending upward. There has been a fair demand for groceries. The receipts of leading articles are light.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 55@2 60
Rye ₩ bush	1 80
Oats ₩ bush	78@79c
Corn ₩ bush	100@105
Spring Wheat Flour	11 75@12 25
Winter Wheat	12 00@13 00
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	13½@14c
Sugar Cured Hams	19½@20c
Lard	18c
Potatoes, ₩ bush	1 30@1 35
Apples ₩ bbl	4 50@5 00
Cheese	15@19
Eggs ₩ doz	22
Butter	45@50
SEEDS.	
Clover Seed	7 00
Timothy seed	2 75
Flax Seed	2 65

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

April 25, 1868.

The market for Cattle has again been remarkably quiet during the past week, the sales, in the aggregate, being insignificant, and while the demand is very light, it is equally true that the offerings are limited. There was not a single Philadelphia buyer in attendance, and, so far as we could learn, there was but a single sale for shipment, and it was, or will be shipped to New York. Some two or three small bunches of common stockers changed hands at 5 to 5½, and one drove—the one already referred to—of prime fat Iowa steers at 9@9. It will not be long now until grass cattle will commence to make their appearance in market, and then, and not until then, need we look for any permanent or material improvement in business.

HOGS—The arrival of Hogs continue light, and with a steady shipping demand, the market rules firm, and prices are well sustained, ranging all the way from 8 to 10¼ for common to prime heavy averages, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. The entire receipts to-day reported both the Baltimore and Philadelphia markets well supplied, while New York, on the other hand, was firm and tending upward.

SHEEP—The Sheep market continues a little dull, particularly for common and inferior grades. Prime fat sheep, suitable for retailing in the eastern market, were in good demand and sold readily at full prices—the difference made between clipped and wooled sheep is about one cent per pound.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, April 24, 1868.

FLOUR—Firm; first class brands higher; sales of spring extras at $9 00@10 75.

WHEAT—In good speculative demand at 3@4¢ higher, closing firm at $2 06¼ for No 2; sales of No. 1 at $2 16.

CORN—Less active at ½@¾c lower; sales of No. 1 at 86@87c; No 2 at 84½@85c; new at 81@83c; rejected at 82½c, closing quiet at 84@84½c for new.

OATS—¼@½c lower, closing weak at 65c.

RYE—More active and irregular; sales at $1 87 for No. 1, and $1 81@1 87 for No. 2.

BARLEY—Firm; sales of No 2 in store at $2 31, and sample lots at $2 35@2 65.

MESS PORK—Steady and firm at $27. Lard firm and a shade higher; sales of prime steam at 17½@17¾c. Sugar pickled hams more active sales at 16¾@17½c. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

LIVE HOGS—Firm and steady, and rather better for light lots; sales at $8 12½@8 50 for light, and $7 75@8 25 for fair to good grades.

BEEF CATTLE—Moderately active; sales at $6 50@7 25 for butcher's stock; $7 50@9 00 for medium to fair, and $8 25@9 25 for choice to good.

PITTSBURGH DRY GOODS MARKET.

SATURDAY, April 25, 1868.

Dry goods are in a strange position to-day. Sheetings were reduced in New York from 19 to 18 cents. Merrimac Prints to 13½c, with no change in anything else, and yet cotton is quoted at 35—tobe higher. If any person can account for this we would like to know how it is done.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Jesse Rinehart (of John,) dec'd, late of Cumberland township, Greene county, Pa., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

URIAH RINEHART, } Adm'rs
HIRAM RINEHART, }

ap 29-6t

Special Notices.

☞Colgate & Co's. GERMAN COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK ERASIVE SOAP is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6;5-1y.

To Consumptives.—The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 163 South Second St. Williamsburg New York. 6;3, '67-1y-eh9-18

☞Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN OGDEN, 6;5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

☞The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6;5-1y

Legal Advertisements.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT LIST OF GREENE COUNTY FOR 1868.

MARION TOWNSHIP	Class	Dol.
Axtell P. & Co	11	7 00
Braden T. (Hardware)	13	10 00
Braden D. W.	11	7 00
Braden T. (Tobacco)	11	7 00
Brown Peter	13	10 00
Berryhill Wm	11	7 00
Bell M. & H	13	10 00
Bailey Wm	11	7 00
Clark N. & Son	11	7 00
Creigh Samuel	11	7 00
Campbell A. & B. F.	11	7 00
Day Lewis	11	7 00
Evans L. K.	13	10 00
Gruber James	13	10 00
Harvey Miss, M. A.	11	7 00
Hooper Isaac	11	7 00
McClelland S. H.	11	7 00
McGurgan Frank	13	10 00
Munnell John	13	10 00
Roberts G. W.	13	10 00
Rinehart H. A.	11	7 00
Sayers & Hoskinson	13	10 00
Sowers A. J.	13	10 00
Shirk D.	11	7 00
Scott W. & Co	11	7 00
Wallace William	11	7 00
Wallace B. F.	11	7 00
JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.		
Bailey J. M.	11	7 00
Clouse Bro.	13	10 00
Fordyce J. G.	11	7 00
Hewit Isaac	13	10 00
Hughes L. & Co	11	7 00
Jordan Mrs. M. A.	11	7 00
Lindsey J. A. & Co	11	7 00
Martin W. H.	11	7 00
Smith A. J.	13	10 00
Sedgwick & Pollock	11	7 00
Smith & Black	13	10 00
Thomas Mrs. Dianna	11	7 00
Young R.	11	7 00
CA. MICHAELS BOROUGH.		
Barnhart Wm	11	7 00
Creasmire A. F. & Co	13	10 00
Harman Wm	11	7 00
Hathaway J. W.	11	7 00
Jamison Henry	11	7 00
Lindley N. & Co	11	7 00
Mortimer J. F. & Co	12	12 00
Murdock W. & Co	11	7 00
Mowyer J. L.	11	7 00
CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.		
Cummins I. L.	11	7 00
Lucas T. & Co	12	12 00
Lindsey Wm	11	7 00
MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP.		
Ball F. A.	11	7 00
Bougliner Wm	11	7 00
Bougliner A. V.	11	7 00
Coughanour George	11	7 00
Gray W. & Sons	13	10 00
Gray J. M. & S. T. (Distillery)	3	50 00
Mestrezat C. A.	11	7 00
Mestrezat Wm	11	7 00
Mestrezat C. & Co. (distillery.)	6	25 00
Stanley & Sicklesmith	11	7 00
DUNKARD TOWNSHIP.		
Everley L. S. (distillery.)	6	25 00
Lemley G. O.	11	7 00
Maple A.	11	7 00
Paul & Garrison	11	7 00
Stewart A. P.	11	7 00
Taylor J.	11	7 00
Titus B. F.	11	7 00
GREENE TOWNSHIP.		
Sandler & Sicklesmith	11	15 00
Seaton F. & Co	13	7 00
WHITELY TOWNSHIP.		
Chalfant Michael	11	7 00
Hudson W. B.	11	7 00
Hudson John	11	7 00
Jolley A. J.	11	7 00
FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.		
Hook & Wise, (distillery,)	6	25 00
Huffman H. L.	11	7 00
Jesse Hook	11	7 00
Rinehart J. L.	11	7 00
MORGAN TOWNSHIP.		
Allman T.	11	7 00
Allman A. E.	11	7 00
Burson A. S. & Co	13	10 00
Iams Miller	11	7 00
Leonard L. & A. (distillery,)	6	25 00
Lippencott C. (distillery,)	6	25 00
Prior Stout	11	7 00
Walton Amos	11	7 00
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.		
Lewis C. V. L.	11	7 00
PERRY TOWNSHIP.		
Donley J. P. & Co	12	50 00
Morris G. W.	13	10 00
Morris E. F.	12	50 00
South D. & Bro	12	50 00
WAYNE TOWNSHIP.		
Calvert Rezin	11	7 00
Grantes H. L.	11	7 00
GILMORE TOWNSHIP.		
McCullough P. & Co	12	12 50
SPRINGHILL TOWNSHIP.		
Barger John	11	7 00
White & styles	11	7 00
ALEPPO TOWNSHIP.		
Hosack & Co	11	7 00
Moore P. & Bro	11	7 00
RICHHILL TOWNSHIP.		
Gillooly James	11	7 00
Gray D. W.	11	7 00
Hughes & Kincaid	11	7 00
Hays J. W.	13	10 00
McGlumphy J. B. & Co	11	7 00
Ross Asa	13	10 00
MORRIS TOWNSHIP.		
Carter G. & Co	11	7 00
Penn J. H.	11	7 00
Swart Jacob	13	10 00
Smith Hopkins	13	10 00
JACKSON TOWNSHIP.		
Grimes P. M.	11	7 00
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.		
Gordon Zadok	13	10 00
Smith Thomas	13	10 00

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Appeals will be held at the Treasurer's Office in Waynesburg, May 14th and 18th, 1868.

S. B. BARNETT, Appraiser.

NOTICE.—Persons named in the foregoing list are hereby notified that it is made the duty of the County Treasurer to bring suit for all mercantile taxes which shall not be paid before the 1st day of June, 1868. They are respectfully requested to pay before that time.

ABNER M. BAILY, ap 22,68-tt County Treasurer.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WAYNESBURG.

April 6, 1868.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts	$156,961 62
Furniture and fixtures	120 00
Expenses	432 61
Cash items	676 30
Due from banks and bankers	1855 19
U. S. Bonds	85,150 00
Telegraph stock	200 00
Specie	220 00
Taxes paid	1,907 74
Cash on hand	23,418 50
	$271,002 08

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock	$100,000 00
Deposits for increase	34,100 00
Surplus Fund	4,707 02
Circulation	71,100 00
Individual deposits	47,819 93
Due banks	5,371 73
Interest, exchange &c	6,957 52
Dividends unpaid	715 88
	$271,002 08

The above is correct.

JOHN C. FLENNIKEN, Cash. ap 15-3t

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell **Westcott's Adjustable Dash Churn!** the best butter maker now manufactured. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Churn introduced, and to this end will make favorable arrangements with early applicants. Address THOS. H. BINGHAM & CO., 1;8-1y 336 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST, 6,5-'67-1yeh9,18 823 Broadway, New York.

Clothing.

BLOW-UP ON THE MONONGAHELA!

STEAMERS

ELECTOR AND FAYETTE!

IN THEIR GREAT RACE TO SECURE THE

IMMENSE

CARGO OF CLOTHING!

OF

N. CLARK & SON

Which has just been secured and

SAVED FROM THE WRECK!

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Selection of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

HATS AND CAPS!

Will be found at N. CLARK & SON'S,

FULL SUITS AT $6 00!

That are good material and warranted to wear well.

GOOD CASSIMERE SUITS FOR $11 50.

Good Pants as low as $1 25 and $1 75.

We ask nothing for showing goods. Come and see us; we like to show goods.

OUR PRICES CANNOT BE BEAT!

ap 15, 68

AHOY! ALOFT!

STAND BY, ALL!

TO SEE THE GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

JUST RECEIVED BY

A. J. SOWERS

DRESS SUITS AND BUSINESS SUITS.

Beautiful assortment of Cloths,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

SHIRTS READY-MADE,

New Styles for Gent's Neck Dress Scarfs, Fine French Figured Percale Shirts, Collars & Cuffs.

THE DECLINE IN PRICES enables him to sell at fabulous low rates. Full suits of excellent texture, can be had at one half former cost. Come and get the best while it is going.

WON'T BE UNDERSOLD IN WAYNESBURG

ROOM IN ALLISON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

ap 15,'68-3m.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.

LEAD PIPE, SHEET AND BAR LEAD MANUFACTURERS, ALSO

Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Steam Gauges, Whistles and Valves, Iron and Copper Sinks & Bath Tubs, Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps. And

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS

FOR WATER, GAS AND STEAM.

NO. 107 SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap 22,'68-1y-30 Send for a Price List.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 118.

Hall in Gapen's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.

Dry Goods.

ANOTHER EXCITEMENT!

HI. PRICE ASSASSINATED!

FRANK M'GURGAN THE ASSASSIN!

THE DEED WAS DONE IN THE

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Spring and Summer Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress Trimmings, Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia. Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

LADIES' HATS, STRAW HATS,

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.

1813-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,

DRY GOODS,

94 WOOD STREET,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

Buyers of Dry Goods are invited to examine the most Complete Stock brought to this market.

Many of our Most Popular Styles are not to be found elsewhere, being controlled entirely by us. The entire stock having been purchased at the Lowest rates,

WE CHALLENGE COMPETITION.

PRINTS,
DELAINES,
ARMURES,
COLORED ALPACAS,
COLORED WOOL DELAINES,
FRENCH GINGHAMS,
SCOTCH GINGHAMS,
DOMESTIC GINGHAMS,
CLOTHS,
SHIRTINGS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
PANT LINENS, &C.

HOUSEKEEPER'S GOODS,

SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
TICKINGS,
CHECKS,
QUILTS,
COVERLETS.

A large and well selected stock of

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &C.

CASH BUYERS WILL FIND RARE INDUCEMENTS.

ap 15-tf

J. S. NEWMYER, President.
G. H. ANDERSON, Secretary. J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Superintendent.

TWIN CITY SLATE MINING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Manufacture and Deal in every variety of

ROOFING SLATE,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

GENERAL OFFICE NO. 43, 7TH ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

For particulars and prices, address

J. S. NEWMYER, Prest.

ap 22,'68-6m

HAVE A CIGAR?

IF SO, CALL IN AT T. BRADEN'S NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

He keeps on hand at all times

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF CIGARS,

Smoking & Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Snuff, etc., etc.

PRICES DOWN! IS THE WORD!

Call in. Room in the Worley House, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap. 15,'68-tf T. BRADEN.

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Ashley, Cromlow & Close's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RIV. 6;5-tf.

Bills, Cards, Circulars, Posters &c., &c., neatly executed at this Office, on short notice.

Miscellaneous.

Iron City College.

COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and most Successful

PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

IN THE UNITED STATES.

OVER FIFTEEN THOUSAND STUDENTS

FROM THIRTY-THREE STATES IN TEN YEARS.

FOR LARGE QUARTO CIRCULAR,

Containing full information, Outline of Course of Study, samples of COWLEY'S

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP,

View of the College Building, different departments, City of Pittsburgh, &c., &c., address the Principals, SMITH & COWLEY, ap 1, 68-1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

FURNITURE!

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

97 & 99 Third St.,

3;4-1y. PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just. 8;28-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO., 4;10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR THE NEW BOOK "MEN OF OUR TIMES"

Or Leading Patriots of the Day. An elegant octavo volume, richly illustrated with 18 beautiful Steel Engravings, and a portrait of the author, Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Agents say it is the best, and sells the quickest of any book they ever sold. Some are taking out 200 orders per week. It will outsell "Uncle Tom's Cabin." We employ no general agents, but pay extra commission. Old agents will appreciate this item. Send for circulars giving full particulars. Address HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Ct. ap 8-4t

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

The firm of ODBERT & JONES will furnish the

PROPERTY HOLDERS!

of Greene county, with the

PLASTIC SLATE ROOFING!

introduced last Summer, and so highly recommended by those who have tried it.

☞All orders left with L. W. Jones, Waynesburg, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ODBERT & JONES, 3;11-6m of Washington County, Pa.

WANTED—1,000 MEN AND WOMEN!

To act as canvassers for a series of

NEW ENGRAVINGS.

FIVE BEAUTIFUL IDEAL AMERICAN FACES,

Engraved ON STONE in Paris by the most eminent Lithographers in the world. These faces, which are most beautiful and poetic conceptions, are designed to typify the best Ideal types of American womanhood, representing their charities, devotion, sympathies, attachments and heroism.

The lithography is in the highest style of the art, and is such as has rarely been equalled, and cannot be excelled.

These portraits have received unqualified praise from the most eminent critics and prominent newspapers of the country, and they should adorn every household in the land.

For particulars and descriptive circular, address L. B. ROBINSON, 46 Main St., Springfield, M

Groceries &c.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts Raisons, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line o. H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

1090-tf.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.

11:19tf.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION!

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS!

With all the "et ceteras," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6:14:'68-1y.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotten Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, i. the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet vases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a tell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

E. F. ENCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
Waynesburg, Pa.

6:1-tf.

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4:1:'68-tf.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 409.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 552.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Saturday evening, each week. dh.

B. M. BLACHLY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at his residence, opposite the "Wright House," Waynesburg, Pa.

☞ Diseases of Females made a speciality.

1:29-3m.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House.

May 16, '66-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.

May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1:'67-1y.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

Opens.....10 o'clock A M.
Closes.....3 o'clock P M.
DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.

D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
B. FRANK. FLENNIKEN, Assistant Cashier.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 6:24-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Paton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT PER ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.

6:12-tf

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office, 5:9:'66-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞ All work warranted for one year.

2:21:'69-tf.

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:8-1f.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1838, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:22:'66-tf.

PAINTING AND GLAZING.

D. W. KENNEDY & J. W. SMALLEY,

HOUSE PAINTERS,

GRAINERS, GLAZIERS AND PAPER HANGERS,

Shop, on Mechanics' Row, opposite the M. E. Church, Waynesburg, Pa.

☞ MATERIAL FURNISHED, if required, at Pittsburgh Prices.

ap 1, '68-6m. KENNEDY & SMALLEY.

FOUNDERY NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED

EAGLE FOUNDERY,

With its large stock of

PLOWS AND MANY OTHER CASTINGS,

Formerly the property of the late Daniel Owens, dec'd, will continue the business in all its branches, and do all kinds of

MACHINE REPAIRING,

At short notice and upon reasonable terms, and hopes to merit a reasonable share of patronage.

3-26-3m C. W. BOWER.

Printing.

PRINTING!

"THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN"

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Sayers' Building, East of the Public Square,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,
BUSINESS CARDS
POSTERS,
BLANKS,
LABELS,
&c., &c.,

NEATLY EXECUTED.

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY

OF MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

PAPER, CARDS, &c.,

Than any establishment within the limits of our business circle,

AND WE ARE PREPARED

To execute every description of

JOB PRINTING!

IN A

STYLE OF NEATNESS AND BEAUTY!!

WHICH

CANNOT BE SURPASSED ANYWHERE.

We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored, in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE!

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER!

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK

CERTIFICATES,

CHECKS, &c.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

Let us have a call before going elsewhere.

JAS. R. SAYERS,

10:30 Waynesburg, Pa.

The Waynesburg Republican.

PAY THE PRINTER.

We clip the following pointed verses from the *Printer*, and commend them to the serious consideration of all those heartless people who *don't* pay the printer:

All honest men attend to hear
The serious fact—the times are dear;
Who owes a bill, 'tis just as clear
As starlight in the winter,
That he should come without delay—
That's if he can—that bill to pay,
And ere he puts his purse away,
"Fork over" to the Printer.

The printer's cheek is seldom red,
The fine mechinery of his head
Is working when you are in bed,
Your true and faithful "Mentor;"
All day and night he wears his shoes,
And brains to furnish you with news,
But men of conscience ne'er refuse
To pay the toiling Printer.

'Tis known or ought to be by all,
His dues are scattered and they're small,
And if not paid he's bound to fall
In debt—for fuel, bread, rent, or
Perhaps his paper; then to square
Up with his help—a double care
Bows down his head—now is it fair
That you don't pay the Printer?

His wife and little pratlers too,
Are now depending upon you;
And if you pay the score that's due,
Necessity can't stint her;
But if you don't, as knaws the mole,
'Twill through your conscience eat a hole!
And brand the forehead thus—"No soul!"
Of him who cheats the Printer.

The cats will mew between your feet,
The dogs will bite you on the street,
And every urchin that you meet,
Will roar with voice of Stentor,—
"Look to your pockets—there he goes—
The man who wears the Printer's clothes,
And proud, though everybody knows,
The grub, he knawed the Printer!"

Be simply just, and don't disgrace
Yourself but beg the "Lord of Grace,"
To thaw that harden'd icy "case,"
That honesty may enter;
This done, man will act with man fair,
And all will have the "tin" to spare;
Then will the "Editorial Chair"
Support a well paid Printer.

A CONSERVATIVE.

The Copperhead papers of the milk and-water sort, like the *Messenger*, have called themselves and party "Conservatives." The genuine Democratic paper which expresses the sentiments of its party unreservedly, the La Crosse *Democrat*, thus describes a "Conservative":

"*Conservative!*"

How we hate the word.

It is a synonym for a coward—one who has no principle—no heart—no earnestness—no love of truth—no confidence in the right—no boldness—none of the higher and nobler qualities of manhood.

"*Conservative!*"

A smooth tongued, soft stepping sly, selfish, treacherous, cold-blooded, deceitful, double-faced, forked tongued sneak.

"*Conservative!*"

A "*neutral*," "*negative*" political thing, "neither fish, flesh nor fowl," a subject upon which we find it utterly impossible to express our feelings, but we be beg all that class of politicians to accept our feeble complimentary offering, with the assurance that it is the best we can do for them.

From all
"*Conservatives!*"
We pray—
"Good Lord, Deliver Us!"
And to all
"*Conservatives!*"
We say—
"*Get thee behind me Satan!*"

Attachment of Horses to Each Other.

Two Hanoverian horses had long served together during the Peninsular war, in a German brigade of artillery. They had assisted in drawing the same gun, and had been inseparable companions in many battles. One of them was at last killed; and after the engagement the survivor was piqueted as usual, and his food brough to him. He refused, however, to eat, and was constantly turning round his head to look for his companion, sometimes neighing as if to call him. All the care that was bestowed upon him was of no avail. He was surrounded by other horses, but he did not notice them; and he shortly afterwards died, not having once tasted food from the time his former associate was killed.

Some poetaster has been cruel enough to portray the terrible things the Democracy were to do if Johnson were impeached, in this wise:

"We are coming brother Johnson,
Yes, we'll come a million strong,
Bringing all things needful with us,
Our Jug and Demi-John;
Yes, we're coming Brother Andy,
Yes, a million, Oh! just think,
But not to fight much, Andy,
But to take a social drink."

The attitude of Senators who compose the High Court of Impeachment may be briefly thus stated: Republican Senators act like judges; Democrats vote in a body as partisans. They mean to acquit Johnson right or wrong. The Republicans are resolved to do justice. This is one interesting phase of the trial which the country will do well to watch.

The Washington gossips say that "old Thad. Stevens" lately astounded the two stalwart young fellows whose duty it has been to carry him from the Hall of Representatives to the Senate Chamber and back again, by asking them, as they deposited him in his seat, "Boys, what do you suppse I shall do, when you are both dead and gone?"

The Wabash (Minnesota) *Herald* tells of a man there who recently went to the river, stripped himself, cut a hole in the ice, and took a bath. After floundering for a while in the water, he sat down on a cake of ice, and cut his corns.

A Young lady from the country, now visiting New Albany, writes home thus:

"Nobody isn't nothing" now which doesn't hole up her cloz and the hier you hole 'em the more yu air notised."

"I wish I knew how I could make neighbor Ransom keep the Sabbath," said the good old Rev. Dr. Rodgers. "*Lead* it to him, pa," said the D. D.'s hopeful son; "he never borrowed anything yet which he didn't keep.'

Dry Goods.

GOOD NEWS!

AND NEW GOODS!

D. SHIRK,

Now offers to the public

The most complete assortment of

Every thing in the Dry

Goods line ever brought to

This market. The Spring

Styles, fresh and attractive

And of every variety.

Hats for Men and Boys,

Ladies' and Misses. Boots

And Shoes, unsurpassed in

Durability & Cheapness.

Muslins, Delaines, Cloths,

Bonnets & Bonnet frames

Cassimeres, and in fact

Everything that can be

Desired, you can buy of him.

A. WILSON, JR.

Especially invites a call from his old customers, being satisfied the prestige of former dealing will be sustained and that now, as of yore, the tastes of all will be pleased regarding prices and quality. Embrace the first opportunity and give him an early call.

☞ Room formerly occupied by A. Wilson, Jr. in Wilson's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

ap 8,'68-1y. D. SHIRK.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.

4:24-3m L. K. EVANS.

1868. SPRING. 1868.

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS & STRAW GOODS!

Wholesale Jobbers in

STRAW GOODS AND

PALM-LEAF HATS,

HOODS, MISSES AND

LADIES' HATS, EITHER

TRIMMED OR UNTRIMMED,

AT

CHAS. H. PAULSON'S,

73 Wood Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Merchants visiting our city will give us a call, as we are prepared to sell at the lowest Eastern Prices. Our stock is full of all kinds of Head Wear at

VERY LOW PRICES!

ap 8-1m

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

Boots & Shoes.

A FACT WORTHY OF NOTE!

JOHN M. WINGET

Undoubtedly has the LARGEST STOCK of

HOME-MADE BOOTS & SHOES!

IN WAYNESBURG.

They have been tried and found to be equal if not

Superior to any in the place!

He has a general and well manufactured assortment of

LADIES' AND MISSES, MEN & BOYS'

HOME MADE

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS!

He keeps hands unexcelled as workmen in leather. His shop will be found

NEAR COTTEREL'S TANNERY,

☞ After returning thanks for a liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I wish to say to my old customers and others that I warrant my work in every particular, and will sell at prices that will satisfy any reasonable person.

Don't forget the place, but

GIVE ME A CALL SOON.

ap 8, '68-1y JOHN M. WINGET.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

TWO DOORS WEST OF N. CLARK & SON'S CLOTHING STORE,

Having just purchased a heavy Stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots, 17 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform deduction in rates, on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL.

12;18-tf Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER

WAYNESBURG, PA.

☞ Call and examine, and save money!

GO TO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS

12;1-1y.

BARKER & HASELTINE!

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

PICTURE AND PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES

OF ALL KINDS.

GILT & WALNUT MOULDINGS,

OREWOOD.

PICTURES, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

☞ Gilding and Re-gilding to Order. 3:4,'68-1y

ANDERSON, PENZOLD & CARSON,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

WELL KNOWN MERCHANT TAILORING

ESTABLISHMENT!

—TO—

52 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Two doors from their old rooms.

3:4,'68-1y.

Miscellaneous.

BETTER THAN EVER!

FROM

NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA

THOMAS BRADEN,

Has just received a splendid new

SPRING STOCK OF HARDWARE

To which he invites especial attention.

His store is filled with everything in his line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being a practical farmer, he knows exactly the wants of his farmer friends. Among his variety of goods will be found Iron and Nails of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle-toothed, Cross-cut and Mill Saws, Hand Saws and Tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in this line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of Saddlery Hardware, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS:

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's, Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot Guns, Boys's Wagons and Sleds. All of which will be sold cheaper than ever for Cash!

GIVE HIM A CALL SOON.

He will take pleasure in showing his stock at all times. So give him a call when you come to town. Remember the place,

OPPOSITE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

ap 8,'68-tf THOMAS BRADEN.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

8:14-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

COPPER AND TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT IN WAYNESBURG, PA.

DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY, BUT USE IT TO BUY CHEAP AND USEFUL STOVES OF

W. H. HELPHENSTINE,

They have the handsomest and neatest pattern, of

COOKING, HEATING, AND PARLOR STOVES!

in use. Call and examine the different patterns before you purchase elsewhere. They have the ROSEDALE, for wood or coal, three sizes; and the Perfection, for wood, three sizes. They are the best Stoves in use.

Don't let the women scold any longer, but get them what they need.

They manufacture

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE

of all kinds. Everything in our line will be attended to promptly; send in your orders soon, for I will sell cheap for cash or country produce.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING

done to orders on the shortest notice, at the old stand, south of the Sheriff's House, Waynesburg, Pa. W. H. HELPHENSTINE.

1:29-6m

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7:24-1y.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,

Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs,)

8:21,'67-1y MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 119.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.